COLORADO SPRINGS GAZETTE.

BER 4600. COLORADO SPRINGS, COLO., TUESDAY, JANUARY 24, 1893. PRICE FIVE CENTS.

SEN BY DEATH.

BROOKS JUDGE LAMAR

A CLOUD OF WAR

KHEDIVE

A RIOT IN DENVER

NINTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

Blaine a Trifle Stronger

PANAMA RAILROAD

Its Sale to a Syndicate of English Capital Is Reported

The Calamity at Wann

New American Steamers

A Salt Lake Failure

New Gold Fields

WASHINGTON TOPICS

NO VOTE ON ANTIOPE

3RD CONGRESS, SECOND SESSION

SENATE

HOUSE

A Trip to Chinatown

FAIRLEY BROS.

Offer BIG REDUCTIONS on their entire stock of Furniture and House Furnishings until March the first, in order to make room for new spring stock

Save Money by Purchasing of them Now.

A GROWING CITY

Of 15,000 people is an infinitely better place to invest money in than is a slow city of 500,000 people A young city with a future is much more desirable than an old city that has ceased to develop Colorado Springs is a young community with great opportunities for future development Let us have faith in our city Why not make a little money as a result of that faith? Cash carefully invested in Colorado Springs real estate will pay excellent returns to the investor I have some fine bargains

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FIRST NATIONAL BANK,

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Surplus, - - - - - - $100,000.

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ALSO DEALERS IN NATURAL ICE

Will Ansburg [illegible] Anthracite
Canon City [illegible]

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Light and Heavy Harness, Saddles.

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In Blank Books, Stationery, Office Furniture, Diaries, Both Pocket and Office, especially our Wells' Double Indexed Diaries

Bills Receivable and Payable, Memorandums in all styles and [illegible]

All Holiday Goods at your own price.

The College Book Store, opposite the Postoffice

JOSEPH DOZIER,
AGENT FOR
WILLER'S PATENT BLINDS!
NOW [illegible]

The Exchange National Bank

CAPITAL, $100,000

DIRECTORS

HUYLER'S CANDY.

H. I. REID,
City Engineer.

Delos Duffee, County Surveyor.

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FOR FINE

TAILORING

SEE

GORDON

Fine Suitings

AT BOTTOM PRICES.

THOS GOUGH,

Leader in Cutting and Confidentiality.

109 South 16th St.

SPECIAL RATES

THE GAZETTE.

PUBLISHED BY

THE GAZETTE PRINTING CO.

DAILY [illegible]

[illegible]

JOB WORK

[illegible] for Plain and Fancy Job Printing equal to the best of any establishment west of the Mississippi river

All persons having advertisements in the paper and desiring the discontinued will please make it known at the business office where they will be properly attended to. We cannot hold ourselves responsible for advertisements continuing in the paper unless notice to this effect is given. No credit are allowed against employes of the Gazette to offset any of our accounts.

All advertisements for the WEEKLY GAZETTE must be handed in not later than Thursday noon. Advertising agents are respectfully notified that we do not want any advertising from them.

W. A. PLATT, Editor. H. A. RISLEY, Manager.

PHILLIPS BROOKS.

A great man has gone to his long home. By the death of Phillips Brooks the American church has lost one of its foremost preachers, and the American pulpit one of its most eloquent and inspiring preachers. Of all the bishops of his own church, Bishop Brooks was best known and best beloved in other churches. His splendid physique, his cordial manner, his warm heart, his magnanimity, his liberality of soul, his matchless oratory, made for him a host of friends in every church, and outside of all churches. The mourning over his loss will not be confined to Episcopalians nor to professing Christians, it will not be bounded by State or even national lines.

For many years Dr Brooks has been recognized as the foremost preacher of his own communion. His oratorical services were in constant demand. He may be said to have founded a new school of preaching in the Episcopal church. In any service in which he took part he became the central point. Always prepared with care, his discourses were so surcharged with vitality, his gift of speech was so wonderful, that they appeared to burst spontaneously from his lips. He was the [illegible] of shorthand reporters. His utterance was more rapid than that of any other public speaker. The thoughts seemed to throng so fast into his mind, and the fitting words in which to clothe them seemed to come so quickly to his lips, that it seemed impossible that he could not live to give them utterance. His sermons, his addresses, his orations were [illegible]

For a number of years Dr Brooks's name occurred naturally when mention was made of new candidates for the Episcopacy, but it was not until the bishopship of his own State of Massachusetts became vacant that he allowed himself to be nominated to the episcopate. He had been so long associated with Trinity church that it did not seem natural to think of him everywhere but in its pulpit. As Bishop of Massachusetts his influence will be strongly helpful to all the clergy. Under his charge, but his influence will be hardly wider or more far reaching than it had been before.

Phillips Brooks declined to be a low churchman. He went so far in his sermons as to question the validity of the ordination of other churches, and to preach in old Trinity pulpit to and to recognize clergymen of all Christian churches as his brothers in the ministry of Christ. This liberality made the way for some opposition to his election as Bishop, but happily, for the good of the Episcopal church, he was chosen triumphantly.

Now he is gone to his rest, a rest which he deserved if ever any man did. Abundant in labors and abundant in love, his ministry has been blessed to the people. He is gone as no doubt he would have wished to go, in the full vigor of his manhood, in the midst of his work. On his life and his work the church will look with the church in Christ the benediction of "well done, good and faithful servant." Surely he has entered into the joy of the Lord he served so faithfully and well.

THERE ARE AGRICULTURAL BULLETINS.

The annual report of the secretary of the State Board of Agriculture is at hand. This periodical work of the Agricultural College at Fort Collins and the experiment stations in the San Luis valley, at Rocky Ford and on the Divide in this county. The work of the board is to be carried on with commendable efficiency, and its results cannot fail to be beneficial. Agriculture in this state is as yet largely in an experimental stage. The conditions of agriculture, as well as of soil, moisture and [illegible] are quite different from those in the old States, and no man is as yet able to put a limit upon the agricultural capabilities of Colorado. Much has already been accomplished that would once have been deemed impossible, and there is promise of greater things in the future. It is in discovering and making possible these as yet unknown goods that the work of the State Agricultural department largely consists and for this it [illegible] specially it deserves the support of the people.

The number of students in attendance last year was 230, and the present accommodations are insufficient. The report calls upon the legislature for further aid in extending its departments.

By the way, why should not experiments be instituted at this college to determine the amount of saccharine matter that can be produced in beets grown in this State?

THE INVASION OF PERSONAL RIGHTS.

Justice Brewer of the Supreme Court made an address the other day at the banquet of the New York Bar Association that deserves the careful perusal of every intelligent citizen as well as of every lawyer in the land. His topic was the "Permanence of Tenure of Judicial Office and Its Relations to the Perils of Popular Government." His opening paragraph struck at the root of the question thus:

"Three things differentiate the civilized man from the savage: that which he knows, that which he is and that which he has. But that which a man has lies within the reach of attack. Given power and willingness on the part of others, about him and a man may be stripped of all his material possessions. The assaults which menace the possessions of life in two ways: First in the union of labor organizations to destroy the [illegible] of labor, and second to destroy the [illegible] of the movement [illegible] of the Anarchist, or [illegible] of the judiciary if they were more secure in their tenure of office.

DEAD LETTER LAWS.

Some of the people of Denver—perhaps 5,000 of them—got very much stirred up on Sunday because the Chief of Police arrested the musicians who were giving a concert at the Tabor Opera House. The audience, by way of showing its displeasure at the arrest, adjourned in a body, being joined on the way by several hundred other persons to the house of Dean Hart, where they shouted and threw some stones through the windows.

It appears that there is a municipal ordinance in Denver forbidding the giving of performances of a dramatic or musical character on Sunday. Dean Hart has been anxious that this law should be enforced so as to stop the low concert halls and dance houses from giving Sunday entertainments. The Chief of Police in the exercise of his authority, picked out the least objectionable entertainment in the city on Sunday, and arrested Mr Stark and his orchestra. Why he did this does not appear. It was not what the Dean and his interested with him in the suppression of low Sunday shows wanted to have done. The presumption is fair that it was done to bring dispute upon the law.

Sunday closing laws of all sorts in our large cities are apt to be interpreted by the police to suit their own convenience. It is so in New York, it is so in Chicago, and it seems to be so in Denver. In this way the police authorities arrogate to themselves functions that are not properly theirs. It is their business to execute the laws, not to make or amend or interpret them. So long as such laws exist as those against doing business or giving entertainments on Sunday they ought to be enforced. If the laws do not suit a majority of the people let them be repealed but so long as they are on the statute books, they are to be obeyed.

Dead letter laws are a nuisance. They are worse than no laws, because the constant infringement of them with impunity begets a contempt for law as such. If the Denver people want Sunday concerts and shows, let them agitate for a repeal of the law that forbids such things but until the law is repealed it is the business of the police to enforce it not only against Stark's "sacred concerts," but more especially against variety shows and concert halls and all the lower class of Sunday entertainments.

The Pope has created fourteen new Cardinals, and in his single red hat comes to America. Among the new princes of the church are Archbishop Vaughan of Westminster, Archbishop Logue of Armagh and Monsignor Persico Secretary of the College of the Propaganda. Cardinal Gibbons is apparently for some time longer to enjoy the distinction of being the only Cardinal in the United States.

The bill amending the Interstate Commerce act has been so mangled in the House of Representatives as to be unrecognizable. A provision has been inserted to the effect that no person shall be excused from attending or testifying before the Interstate Commerce com-

[illegible] Now [illegible] is in a state of violent [illegible] and [illegible] limits the movement in both directions will work good to society, the question is, How can its existence be prevented, which seems peril to the nation, be avoided?

His remedy for the evil was in three words: "Strengthen the Judiciary", and the method of strengthening he suggested was by making the judiciary more [illegible]. Until something is done, he sees fearful perils ahead of us.

Who does not see the wide unrest that fills the land, who does not feel that vast social changes are impending and realize that these changes must be guided in justice to safety and peace or they will culminate in revolution? The black flag of anarchism, the red flag of socialism or that colorless piece of cloth which suggests that the state take all property and direct all the work and life of individuals may seem to fill the air with their flutter. But as against these schemes of any other kind of vagary, a fool or fanatic, the eager send carnes protest and cry of the Anglo Saxon for individual freedom and also life protection of all his rights of person and property, and it is the cry which reverberating over this country from sea to ocean, thank God, will not go unheeded.

Justice Brewer is right. The strongest bulwark we have in this country against the tyranny of the many, which is sometimes worse than one man tyranny is an incorruptible judiciary. A striking instance of the good that may be accomplished by an upright and fearless judge is found in the charge of Judge Baker, of the United States District Court, in the case of the strikers at Muncie, Ind., delivered on Saturday. A number of striking employes of the Lake Erie & Western railway (which, by the way, must not be confounded with the New York, Lake Erie & Western, generally known as the "Erie") were brought before Judge Baker, charged with contempt of court in interfering with the operation of the road after an injunction had been issued by the court restraining them from such interference. In addressing the prisoners, some of whom had pleaded guilty, the judge used the following vigorous language:

In this case the evidence shows that there are a number of men who belong to a secret labor organization whose ramifications reach not only over the entire extent of the United States but into Canada as well. It has kindred associations by other names in Europe. All these organizations have the same general aim, and that is, by force, violence and terrorism, to compel their employers to submit their business, their property, their means of livelihood to the arbitrary demands of the association. In their secret oath-bound assemblies they determine for themselves on what terms they will work for others. They refuse those who are not members of their association the opportunity to labor when they desire to do so. Those who will not submit to their exactions have no more option about carrying on their business—then a belated traveler when the highwayman presents a revolver.

I want it to be understood, so far as this court is concerned, that such offences will not be deemed trivial and that the law cannot be violated with impunity by any combination of men, under whatever name they may clothe themselves.

This ought to be hammered on the minds of every one of these men that belongs to a labor organization with a hot iron, so that he shall know and understand it, that while it is lawful and commendable to organize for legitimate and useful purposes, that it is unlawful to organize for the invasion of the rights of others to life, liberty and property.

This is a plain statement of the law, and every judge in the United States ought to be equally firm in maintaining the rights of every man to life, labor and property. And as Justice Brewer says, it would conduce greatly to the independence and fearlessness of the judiciary if they were more secure in their tenure of office.

DEAD LETTER LAWS.

It may be doubted whether any American minister at Berlin ever enjoyed more of the confidence and intimacy of the emperor of world than Mr. Phelps, whose mission has ended, is now the hero of a meeting ground for the social and intellectual elements of distinction which used to form almost exclusive objects of his predecessors' hospitality, a meeting ground where the honors are so gracefully and gracefully done by Mrs. Phelps and her cultivated daughter. With his spare and soldierly frame, dark, sparkling eyes and olive hue, Mr Phelps has more the air of Romanic than an Anglo-Saxon race. But if his appearance is southern, his mental fiber is of the north in its sunniest and most inviting aspect, while his subtlety is such as could not be surpassed in Spain. And apropos of Spain it has always struck me as a very strange and absurd anomaly that the representative of the great American republic, being only a minister, should have to rank in precedence after the envoy of a kingdom like the Iberian peninsula, simply because the latter happens to call his chief one of the "great powers," and to dub his foreign agent an ambassador. Spain it was that discovered America, but America has now outdistanced its discoverer to a tremendous degree in all save the empty tradition of diplomatic form. [Charles Lowe.

[illegible]

Efforts are continuing to be made in some of the western states to enact laws that would stop or limit railroads, or at least railroads from running through [illegible] their traffic within the state boundaries. This is a suicidal policy. The railroads have contributed more than all other agencies to open the lands of the western states for settlement and cultivation and to furnish facilities of transportation for their products to market. If it were not for the railroads millions of acres of lands that are now cultivated could not have been settled, and millions of others now under cultivation would have no outlet or market for their products.

That thousands of farmers are suffering from failure of crops, or from low prices for grain when their crops were good, is true indeed but the railroads are not to blame for either of these misfortunes. The farmers are suffering from over production. When the iron men, coal men, cotton and woolen men and others manufacture or produce more than is needed, the market is glutted, prices fall and many of them suffer heavy losses and are ruined. This frequently occurs in the business of manufacturing, and this unfortunately is the case at present with the farmers. For many years, hundreds of thousands of emigrants from the old world have settled upon western lands and gone to farming. The result is that more grain is produced than the market demands, prices fall, and the farmer fails to receive a good price for his grain.

The remedy for this state of things lies not in close legislation against railroads, imposing unjust burdens upon them, but in adjusting the amount of production to the demand for consumption. This might be done by varying crops—by raising less wheat and corn and more of some other kinds of produce with which the markets are not overstocked and for which prices are remunerative.

We are inclined to think that much of the outcry against railroads in the west is not well founded. It resembles the suicidal folly of the man in the old fable of Aesop who killed the goose that laid the golden egg.—Lutheran Observer.

Forests and Agriculture.

There is great danger to the agricultural interests of the state in the general destruction of the mountain forests. Agriculture in nearly every part of Colorado depends in some irrigation and irrigation in turn depends upon the water supply of the streams which come out of the mountains.

The flow of these streams [illegible] be to a certain degree regular if irrigation is to be successfully pursued over a large area. If their volume is not uniform in both the water will flow away unutilized for although at times there may be water enough to irrigate a large area, the cultivation of the land must be restricted to the area for which there is a supply that can be constantly relied upon during the irrigating season.

Everywhere in other countries this subject has been carefully studied and the results are well known. In Germany, France, Italy, Spain and other countries the mountains are covered with a dense growth of forest. There is no room to dispute about this. Maintain the forests and the streams will year after year furnish a supply of water that may be depended upon. It may vary from one year to another in quantity to a slight degree but the departure from the normal will seldom be great enough to seriously interfere with irrigation. On the other hand if the forests are destroyed the streams will, after a heavy rain or when the snow melts rapidly become in a little while foaming torrents and then as suddenly sink so low that they can hardly be called living streams at all. Of course, in such a case the torrent water is nearly all lost, unless it is caught in reservoirs.

The explanation is not difficult to find. The forests and reservoirs hold the rain and snow water in the decaying vegetable matter which accumulates on the ground. They also shelter the snow from the direct rays of the sun and prevent it from melting as rapidly as it would if it were provided with no such protection. The natural reservoirs are better than any that might be made artificially. They are in themselves no source of expense, and besides they contribute to wealth when the timber is judiciously cut in a way to aid rather than prevent the destruction of the forest.

The mountain forests in this state are being gradually destroyed, and it is very rare that the trees grow again upon places that have been laid waste. The thing to do is to stop the work of destruction. The State Forestry association is endeavoring to do this. It is surprising that the farmers manifest so little interest in the subject, considering its very great importance to the state in general and to themselves in particular.—[Denver Republican.

STATE NEWS.

The DeBeque Era and the DeBeque Post have been consolidated and appear this week under the name of the DeBeque Era, with Lightfoot and Hubert as editors and publishers, Mr Harris, of The Post, retiring.

A gentleman of Colorado City was down Thursday to look over Pueblo valley. He was a forerunner for a number of families who intend to make homes in the San Luis valley. The best government land in the valley today is under the Tepiec canal.—[Antonito Ledger.

An appropriation will be asked from the state by the people of Montezuma county for the purpose of diverting a portion of the waters of the Dolores river into the Montezuma valley for irrigation purposes. It is claimed that this would go to cultivating the [illegible] acres of land in Montezuma and Dolores counties, which are now comparatively valueless, besides supplying Mancos with pure drinking water. The cost would be about forty thousand dollars and would be taken from the state permanent improvement fund.

About a dozen farmers from the Russian settlement were noticed in the valley early Monday morning. Upon inquiry it was found out that they came down to build a new church. Good for them and God bless them in their efforts. It is an ugly fact that notwithstanding the tremendous rings of church going people, there is nothing adds more to the moral tone or is a stronger inducement for immigration than the fact that there is a church in the neighborhood. This edifice is to be 40x[illegible] with a nine foot wall, inside measurement.—[Brighton Banner.

The Daniels Fruit Lands company, whose lands are on the Grand Mesa, are now completing putting out between 150 and 200 acres in fruit in the spring. Contracts have been let for fencing and planting the balance of land this spring, and the company are now [illegible] with numerous inquiries for a [illegible] number of trees to plant the coming season. It is the opinion of those who say to make a specialty of French prunes between 3000 and 4000 trees of this variety being in the [illegible] Fruit growers have proved it worth while to have planted for this section.—[Delta Independent.

The analysis of the beets raised at the experimental farm north of Montrose gives the following results: Sugar in juice 14.72 per cent, purity of juice 87.10. Last week Mr [illegible] shipped 150 tons of beets to the sugar factory at Grand Junction. This analysis would make the yield of sugar 2,[illegible] pounds. This analysis would be made if the beets had only partially ripened. The yield of sugar would have been much greater if fully matured. Mr [illegible] has been circulated that the alkali in the soil of the best orchard lands is unfavorably in the analysis is entirely false.—[Mesa County Republican.

[illegible] can at any time during the [illegible] be completed which will give the new direct line an assured traffic. While nothing definite was known [illegible] it was stated by some that the road would only be built, and that as soon as plans and estimates showing the exact land to be required, and the probable cost of the road, could be prepared, and an option secured on the land which [illegible] certainly seems more than a bare possibility. The People's Electric Light and Power company have made ample arrangements in the construction of their plant to furnish all the power that will be required, and the route of the road as now surveyed, will give the entire city street railway facilities equal those of any city in the United States.—[Aspen Times.

Henry C Allen of Philadelphia and W M Bettinger of Washington are two gentlemen who have spent the past two days viewing the lands of the Grand valley in Mesa county. Both gentlemen are representing a syndicate of gentlemen in the east who propose to buy and plant to fruit 100 acres of the soil of Mesa county. They originally came to Montrose county but not being satisfied there they came on to Grand Junction, and after viewing the lands of the valley, decided to invest in Mesa county. Mr Allen is to exercise a supervision over the orchards which he and his friends may plant. Mr Bettinger, who first visited this state with the Knights last summer is pleased with the outlook that he proposes to invest largely.—Grand Junction Star.

Highest of all in Leavening Power. Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

TUTT & PENROSE

14 Pike's Peak Avenue.

Real Estate, Mortgages And Mines.

SPECIAL FOR SALE Corner of Cascade avenue and Monument street facing south and east fronting 100 feet. Price $12,000 easy terms.

Formerly Director and Soloist of AMHERST COLLEGE BAND AND GUITAR CLUB Amherst Mass

SAM S. THORPE

TEACHER AND SOLOIST

Mandolin, Guitar and Banjo.

At The Antlers Fridays.

References: [illegible]

POPULATION OF COLORADO SPRINGS

A. D. 1900 10,000.

There is no reason why the rate of increase will not be as great as for the *past* seven years. It ought to be greater. The city will then cover three times the territory it does at present.

DOES ANYONE DOUBT

That in seven years the value of every foot of ground in and around the city will have *doubled?* Well! that is better than 10 per cent compound interest. A superb investment! Colorado Springs real estate is the best *gold mine* you can strike. It has always paid good dividends.

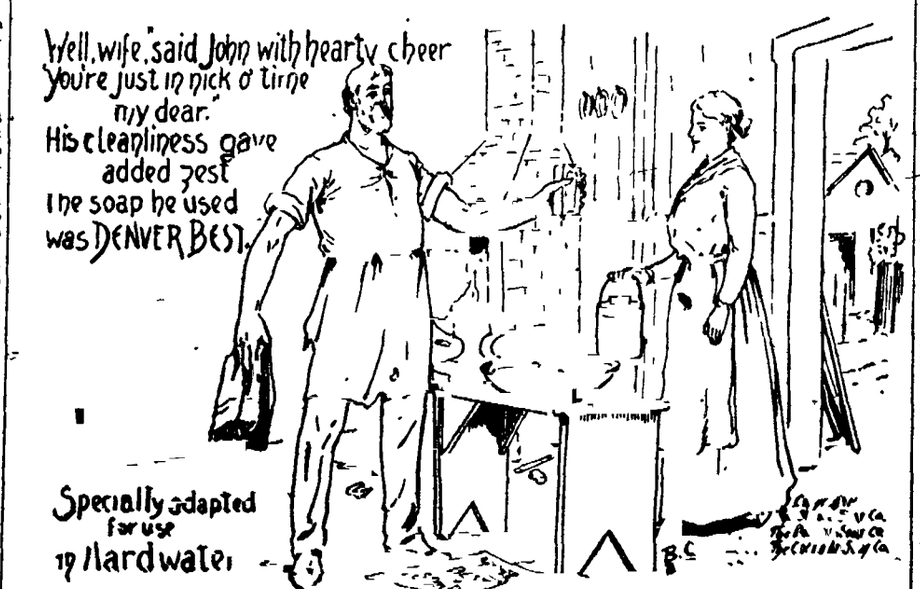
CHOICE PROPERTIES FOR SALE IN THE NORTH END

AGENCY FOR THE

North End Addition.

Have you been over the new Huerfano Street Viaduct? Can you not realize that lots on that street west of the bridge will be *business* property in a few years? They can be bought cheap now.

FRANK WHITE,
Room 20, Bank Building.



OAKHURST!!

THE COUNTRY SEAT of the late G. C. Hamilton, Esq., and lately run as a hotel, is offered for sale at a bargain.

It is beautifully situated, about ten miles south, at the edge of the woods. The property is from the hand engraved in the catalogue. The land is right in the way of the big ditch company from Monument, which will double its value.

Fruit to grow, chickens pays.—Have over 100 bushels of potatoes now.

House of eight rooms and bath room, all papered throughout with fine paper and finished in natural woods. Inside tinted open fireplace with mantel mirrors. Range and [illegible] throughout with running water and providing water in winter. Stable with room for 27 horses, 10 horse stalls. Stable, hen house, chicken and ice house and outbuildings all painted.

Address, or call upon

C. D. BENNET, P. O. Box 511.

ATTENTION!

If you wish to buy a farm of any kind, or if you wish to sell out your business for cash.

Or if you will take part cash and part in real estate.

Or if you have cattle, horses or a farm to sell or trade, call upon or write

F. G. PHILLIPS

1604 Arapahoe St. Room 19, Denver, Colo., as he has made a specialty of this business for the past six years, and is the acknowledged leader in Colorado in the line. See "Burning Chance" column of Dec. 1st, dailies.

THE SUN.

During 1893 THE SUN will be of surpassing excellence and will print more news and more pure literature than ever before in its history.

The Sunday Sun

Is the Greatest Sunday Newspaper in the World.

Price for a copy, By mail, $2 a year
Daily by mail, $6 a year
Daily and Sunday, by mail, $8 a year

ADDRESS THE SUN, New York.

The Great Divide.

This national monthly well named THE GREAT DIVIDE continues to meet with the most flattering appreciation and during the past year has [illegible] and has [illegible] that is more than flattering. Its wonderful growth has given it a national reputation and this young giant of the Rockies has an established place among American monthly reviews as a peculiarly national publication. For the coming year special features have been prepared among which may be noted:

A series of articles on Spanish and French colonization in the West.

A series of articles on Indian antobiography.

Stories Told at Timber Line.

Soft little articles of general interest and practical value.

Articles on Indian tatooing.

Articles on Indian wigwams and Indian customs in [illegible].

[illegible] Wonderland scenes and trains.

Stories of adventure by special writers.

Full descriptions of Western fauna.

Articles on silver and gold mining on [illegible] on the natural processes on the [illegible] articles in fact a personal [illegible] of life and [illegible] rich in [illegible] and [illegible] in Nature.

[illegible] will be paid to illustrations. [illegible] will be more [illegible]

[illegible]

St. Nicholas for Young Folks.

John G. Whittier [illegible] a note of St. Nicholas. It is little to say of this magazine that it is the brightest and most radical in the world. Edward Everett Hale, the author of The Man Without a Country, of it [illegible] not stir the curiosity in [illegible] stimulate thought and encourage the exercise of the imagination. Founded in 1873, and for the first month edited by Mary Mapes Dodge, St. Nicholas has now for many years been its [illegible] The most famous writers have contributed to its pages in the past, but never has its editor been able to offer a better program, or a more distinguished list of contributors than for 1893.

There is to be a series of illustrated papers on the Life of the United States, [illegible] by a specialist, President Edmund Clarence Stedman will write of New York Town, [illegible] will tell the story of Boston, and Baltimore by Francis Marion Crawford. [illegible] will tell the story of Philadelphia. Other [illegible] will be treated by other [illegible]. There will be articles on the World's Fair and a number of [illegible] of young pioneers and humorous verse.

Mrs. Kate Douglas Wiggin (Kate Dimsey) author of The Birds' Christmas Carol, etc. will contribute a leading serial for St. Nicholas during the coming year. The Nutcracker, with a thousand pictures by Jessie G. Whittier, which has in view of the beautiful [illegible] the most Quaker poet has ever written, will be the story of a party of young girls to Holland.

The School Journal says: "St. Nicholas is a child and you need have no fears for it. It is the best of all that the [illegible] thought year after year. The [illegible] is the [illegible] and that the [illegible] conscientiously. It interests [illegible] at the same time and [illegible] the [illegible] The subscription price is $3 a year. [illegible] may be made direct or through the agent. The Century Co. 33 East 17th St., New York.

The Century Magazine in 1893.

It would be hard for a person who cares for a magazine to make a better statement than that which Publisher Roswell Smith of The Century Magazine makes in his prospectus for 1893. If it will only produce what the Century promises it will be a great [illegible]. This is the policy that has made it, as the Pall Mall Budget of London says, "By far the best of the magazines, English or American."

The November number begins a new volume and contains the first chapters of a powerful novel of New York society called Set in Silver, Out of Time, written by Mrs. Burton Harrison, the author of The Anglomaniacs. In this story the fashionable wedding the contents of the boxes in the Metropolitan Opera House, the "great set" in the country house are faithfully [illegible] and the illustrations by Charles Dana Gibson (Life's well known cartoonist), are as brilliant as the novel.

In this November number begins also a great series of papers on The Bible and Science, [illegible] with Dr. [illegible] the Bible contain Scientific Errors? by Professor Shields of Princeton, who takes the ground that the Bible does not contain scientific errors of any moment and who, most interestingly states the case from his point of view. Other articles in this [illegible] will include one in the Christmas number, The Effect of the Study upon Religious Belief.

An important list of letters that passed between General Sherman and his brother Senator John Sherman is also printed in November, which number contains also contributions from the most distinguished writers, including an article by James Russell Lowell which was not quite completed at the time of his death. The article which Bishop Potter makes in the November Century as to what could be done with the World's Fair if it were opened on Sunday is one which seems the most practical solution of the problem yet offered.

The December Century is to be a great Christmas number—full of Christmas stories, Christmas poems and Christmas pictures, and in it will begin the first of a series of striking serials of life in Colorado, Separate Peoples, by Walcott Balestier who wrote The Naulahka with Rudyard Kipling.

Papers on good roads, the new educational methods and city improvement are among some of the features for next year. The [illegible] magazine for one year and certainly no cultivated home can afford to be without it. Subscribers can [illegible] directly to the publishers, The Century Co. 33 East 17th St. New York. In January the Prospectus will be sent out, and to first subscribers of all the serials including Set in Silver, Out of Time.

WILLIAM C. WHITING

Inventor and Manufacturer of the

Patent Weather Strip!

This device is fastened under the door in a groove made for that purpose in the bottom of the door. It is adjustable, durable and never gets out of order. When door is closed the rubber strip is forced down air tight if desirable and prevents cold, dust, rain or snow from entering the house. When door is opened the strip is forced up out of sight.

For further particulars address W. C. Whiting, 23 S. [illegible] City.

NOTICE OF STOCKHOLDERS MEETING

There will be a stockholders meeting of The World Mining and Milling Company on Friday, February 17, 1893, at the President's office and the company's office for the purpose of electing the Directors and a Secretary and Treasurer. [illegible] may come before the meeting.

[illegible] McCLOSKEY, Sec. Treas.

Harper's Bazar.

ILLUSTRATED

Harper's Bazar is a journal for the home. It gives the latest information about Fashions and its numerous illustrations, Paris designs and patterns, it gives the latest designs alike to the dressmaker and the good housewife. Its pages have been used to make its artistic interest [illegible] of the highest character. Its bright and sparkling stories and the beautiful [illegible] are equally all [illegible] and its last page is devoted to a [illegible] of wit and humor. Its editorial [illegible] on topics of interest to women. The [illegible] will be written by Walter Besant and Emma Lazarus (Suffering Thrush Hymns), Will Carleton and Sir Edwin Arnold. At the Public Opinion Department Talks Between Mother and Candace Wentworth will be [illegible] by [illegible]. The work of [illegible] in Women's Institutions. The work of [illegible] will be fully [illegible] with many illustrations. T. W. Higginson in [illegible] and Men will [illegible] a contribution [illegible].

HARPER'S PERIODICALS.

Per Year.

HARPER'S MAGAZINE $4 00
HARPER'S WEEKLY 4 00
HARPER'S BAZAR 4 00
HARPER'S YOUNG PEOPLE 2 00

Postage free to all subscribers in the United States, Canada and Mexico.

The volumes of the Bazar commence with the first Number for January of each year. When no time is mentioned subscriptions will begin with the current number next after the receipt of order. Bound volumes of Harper's Bazar for three years, in cloth, will be sent by express, free of expense, for $7 00 each; cloth cases for binding, $1 00 each.

Remittances should be made by Postal Money Order or Draft to avoid chance of loss.

Newspapers are not to copy this advertisement without the express order of Harper & Brothers.

Address HARPER & BROTHERS, New York.

THE

PHILADELPHIA PRESS,

Daily, Sunday, Weekly

A FAMILY PAPER

WHICH IS

Clean, Conservative and Just The Paper

FOR THE

AMERICAN HOME

The Press has the best possible organization to secure news from the most important sources, and with nearly 300 correspondents in Pennsylvania, New Jersey and Delaware, the State and home news is covered with a completeness, carefulness and attention in detail not even attempted by any other paper.

The Press has also the best of correspondents in all the principal cities of the United States as well as financial and railroad centers in the east, and with [illegible] keep the country abreast with events.

The enormous [illegible] of the Sunday Press [illegible] by getting [illegible] who are written for one year and certainly no cultivated home can afford to be without it. Subscribers can [illegible] directly to the publishers. The Century Co. 33 East 17th St. New York.

In politics the Press has no other master than the people and the party it has [illegible] has proved that the market fact that it is subservient to political bosses. It has no political ambitions of its own but looks after the interests of its readers and believes itself upon the issues of the day in a manner both frank and fearless. It states the facts, speaks for the sections and leading for issues but straight all on the basis of fair play to all men at all times. Its pages are devoted to discussions and the [illegible] one another are neither [illegible] nor [illegible].

Advertisements "Help Wanted" may be inserted in the Press for one cent a word. Advertisements of Situations Wanted Or Half cent a word. Special days for advertisements Sunday Wednesday Saturday.

TERMS OF THE PRESS.

By mail postpaid—in the United States, Canada and Mexico.

Daily (except Sunday) one year, $[illegible]
" (including Sunday) one year, [illegible]
" one month, [illegible]
Sunday, one year, [illegible]
WEEKLY Press, [illegible]

Drafts, Checks and other Remittances should be made payable to the order of

THE PRESS COMPANY, Limited.

PHILADELPHIA, PA.

EL IN NEW YORK

D FEED HOUSE AND CLOTHE
TY LIKE HARRISBURG.

ased People at Least Supports
s and Surface Roads A Ninety
ile- A Stranger Grapples with
d Transit Problem.

[Special Correspondence.]

ork, Jan. 19. It was an early
ring on Manhattan Island.
park was deserted. To the
the day before had just
New York's strenuous then
had raced with time and
after the dollars the place
compensation dead beyond the
of resurrection. As he stood

E STRANGER IN THE JAM.

of the not yet extinguished
ight there came from the east
sound of tramping feet. He
d saw a thin stream of men
d down the stairs from the
bridge. It was met at Broad-
another stream that had come
Before either of these
had come up Cortlandt;
erty street added its quota to
growing throng.
ldway and down Broadway
first by dozens and then by
ery surface car brought its
ds poured in from Fulton,
k place and other cross streets,
the elevated railroad stations
and more. In half an hour
was overwhelmed, and Park row
with a hustling, jostling mul-
New York's industrial army
n another day's battle. The
guard of this army was com-
most exclusively of men and
as the minutes passed women
began to appear, and long be-
ock they formed a fair propor-
mass.
he stranger was watching the
people at City Hall park other
were pouring into the city at
points along the island's peripheral
railroad trains were hurrying
mountain sides and across the
of northern New Jersey, along
of the sound from Connecticut,
ved reaches of Long Island,
Hudson's picturesque banks
the uttermost parts of Staten
d the rivers and bay were
great ferry boats, each
rds and some the
their daily tasks. And the
was made up mostly of New
who do not live in New York.
ot until about 5 o'clock in the
the same day that the stranger
und time to ask why so many New
are established here
polis, and why the call for
ansit is so loud. Time he
to travel railroad train at the
station for a ride up town. He
do it again if he can help it
a well mannered man by
training, he is obliged to
with other men, and even with
gain a foothold on the plat-
n aerial cars. Then, suffering
and the cinders, trodden upon
ed by his fellow sufferers and
in a raw wind, he had to stand
half hour of torture while the
ged his slow length to Forty-
.
n morning he read in the news-
paper of a meeting of the rapid
commission, which came
d to be employed to relieve the
gestion. To the stranger it
s it has been for years to New
both Manhattanites and
at, if the metropolis is to keep
place of the people and
d to its working army, better
for a terminal transit must be
provided. To the stranger it
ent also that the
is a
matter more rapid than it is
ive necessity.

MANY CA

many people, with
rk, have even a faint
its proportions the
passenger traffic have
stranger, long of an
d, looked up
enormous" is not an
adjective to apply to
passengers are car-
most 1,250,000 a day,
transportation within
exact figures for
n made public, but
der was 408,966,236.
elated roads carry
or rising 300,000
daily average
two thirds of all pa-
and "L" trains, or
ng to and returning
New York's trains
better than those
America, if not h
been painfully inade-
performance of the
asked to do.
of lines have in
291 locomotives,
to each car and
five would stretch
of the 324 miles
the city
ds of New York
track over which
in 1891 are hauled
(3,290 in 1891),
of surface road, 27
of the island and
All wing 40 feet for
the cars of the sup-
placed on one track,
20 miles of rail.
surface cars of Man-
in a line would
thirty miles, or twice
Bridge to Niagara Falls
employed by the
capacities in, so
me, 5,000 in
00 people at

DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder.

The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder.
Used in Millions of Homes — The Standard

a Brooklyn
surface
New York
worker
of
enough
lines
sylvania
Now
traffic
who
eight
Manhattan
lines,
wells,
lands,
shores.
possible
rection
railroad
gathered
more than
by all ways,
and bridge,
in New York.
To transport this vast multitude
require 500 railroad trains
each, each carrying sixty
Five hundred and
would haul the
sixty feet for each
fifty-four to sixty-four feet
and thirty feet for each
combined train that should
all would be more than
Allowing
trains—a low estimate—
gain a lively idea of running this train.
Applying the rule that every worker
supports one other person, this
train would give a living to
sons, and not counting in trucks,

A MONSTER PARADE.

tion keepers, yardmen, telegraphers or
any other employees of the road. We
now have a total of nearly 17,000 people
supported by the passenger travel in and
to New York city, not counting in the
ferries, the internal travel of Brooklyn
or other tributary towns or the people—
grocerymen, tailors, dressmakers, mar-
ketmen and others—who live by min-
istering to the wants of the railroad peo-
ple, and the total length of the train that
would be operated by these thousands
would be about ninety miles, or as far as
from New York to Philadelphia.
If the 48,000 people engaged in the
night railroad traffic tributary to
New York were to form in a procession,
marching in ranks of six, each rank
occupying two feet of space and sepa-
rated from the next by three feet, the line
of this monster review would stretch
out over more than 74 miles of Broad-
way's magnificent length. In ranks of
six the parade would cover fifteen miles
of pavement, extending from the Bat-
tery to the Harlem river and four miles
out into Westchester county.
The evening of the stranger's second
day in New York had set in by the time
his investigations had reached this point,
and though he could in his mind's eye
behold alluring vistas of other curious
metropolitan statistics he determined to
stop at once from figuring. During the
remainder of his visit he enjoyed the
sights and sounds of the big town with-
out analysis. I. D. MARSHALL.

El Paso County Reservoirs.

The following interesting article is taken from The Rocky Mountain Herald of Saturday last.

Irrigation in Colorado is no longer an experiment but the result of water storage for a multiplicity of uses has only just begun to be appreciated. Water storage is a science and the merits of experience in this direction are worthy of attention. Among the practical men who are interested in this question is Hon. David McShane of Monument, El Paso county.

He has operated on his own account and as contractor for several large enterprises, of which we give a general outline. Mr. McShane believes the state of Colorado should set apart a portion of the public lands belonging to the state to be used as storage reservoirs. Such natural depositories as should be selected ought to be furnished free of cost or nearly so, to confine the east volume of water which sweeps down from either side of the main range. This storage or repression of the annual freshets would have a tendency to retain the waters which have caused the great overflows of the Father of Waters on the way to the gulf.

In 1.04 he built a reservoir for the Cascade ice company at Edgerton, taking water for from the West Monument creek. It covers five acres, with an average depth of water of nine feet, used principally for the storage of water for ice companies. The company cut annually from 800 to 1000 tons of ice. For the Broadmoor company, in 1886, the great Cheyenne Lake reservoir was constructed. It covers twenty-two acres; average depth of water fifteen feet. It is supplied from Cheyenne creek by a pipe line and ditch. It is three miles south of Colorado Springs, and is used for irrigation, boating, is stocked with fish, skating and ice storage. An unlimited amount of ice can be cut.

Another reservoir was built in 1888, east of Cheyenne Lake, covering eight acres, with a depth of ten feet, from the same source.

Reservoir number three covers ten acres with a depth of ten feet, purely for irrigation. This system of reservoirs is complete in every particular and is equal if not superior, to any system in Colorado.

In 1889 for the Ute Park Pass company, a reservoir twelve miles west of Colorado Springs, covers eighteen acres with a depth of twelve feet. It is used for irrigation, stocked with fish and for boating purposes. In 1.... the Lake Moraine reservoir at the foot of Pike's Peak which was completed in 1891.

It covers ninety acres with an average depth of thirty feet; it is fed by ditch and pipe line from Beaver creek and natural springs. It is utilized for a domestic and fire protection supply for Colorado Springs, connected by a pipe line of ten to seventeen inch pipe of about ten miles in length. It is also used for irrigation and is well stocked with fish by Gordon Land, state fish commissioner. This will rank with the best water systems in the United States. For the Colorado Springs Gardens company at Texas Creek Gap, two reservoirs with an aggregate area of twenty acres with a depth of twelve feet. Used principally for irrigating supplied with flood water.

The most important work on the Arkansas river is the ... at Monument to ... sixty feet ... an average depth of ... feet of water. It will be supplied from Monument creek and will a depth ... of the ...

... of Colorado Springs ...

FOR SALE OR TRADE.

No. 129 ...

No. 130 ... in North Pueblo ... for sale or trade way down.

No. 131 ... house lots in South ... within one block of ... Property rents for $1... ... rented for one year. Will trade ... in city.

No. 132 ... residence and a bargain ... Has a nice lawn and ... South front ... Rebecca St. ... one block east of ... from Belt line, three ... This is a beautiful part ... Will trade also for residence ...

We have some of the best bargains in the city ... especially two fine places ... 10 per cent. interest on the ... Property for ... Property is ... for a year.

W. L. DAWSON & CO.
Real Estate and Employment Agents.

OFFICES:

COLORADO SPRINGS: Rooms 9 and 10 Bennett Block. Telephone No. 213. | DENVER: 9 West 17th St. Telephone 188.

WANTED.

At Pioneer office established Nov. 1, 1887, male and female help for various kinds of labor, at best of wages. FOR SALE.—Furnished hotel in Manitou, city property and ranches, at low figures and easy terms.
A. N. PEALE, Employment and Real Estate Agents, 104 South Tejon.

WANTED.

Female cooks, $30 to $40.
Laundresses, $25 to $40.
Dining room girls, house girls; all good help located at once.
J. E. BERRY, Sophia st. b.t. 31 E. Bijou St.

WANTED.

At the Woman's Protective Employment Bureau, all kinds of female help. Strangers in the city especially invited to call. 111 E. Kiowa St.

WANTED.

WANTED BADLY—A purchaser for a brand new fancy yellow Spider. Telephone 47.

WANTED—Young man of experience desires position as bookkeeper or typewriter. P. O. Box 630.

WANTED—Ladies to assist me in selling the celebrated "Tula Water" for the complexion. Terms liberal. Address Ida M. Goodman, Manager Branch office, 117 S. Weber.

WANTED—Situation by a woman to do general housework, at 230 S. Cascade Ave.

WANTED—Work for forenoons by a young woman. I. M. G., this office.

WANTED—By a competent woman, washing on Mondays and Tuesdays, at employer's house. Apply at 20 E. Boulder St.

WANTED—Work by young man of ability. Address Box O, this office.

WANTED—Immediately, a good cook with references. Apply 317 N. Cascade Ave.

WANTED—Partner with capital to buy Englishman in brewery enterprise. Business established. Reference and responsible. Address this office.

WANTED—Large ... white rage at ...

TO RENT.

TO RENT—Pleasant furnished rooms with bath and furnace; gentleman preferred. Inquire 24 N. Weber St.

TO RENT—New upright piano, $5 per month. Address S., Gazette office.

TO RENT—To one or two gentlemen, nicely furnished front room. Gas, bath and telephone. 321 N. Tejon St.

TO RENT—A large well furnished front room with bath. 123 E. Willamette.

TO RENT—Well furnished room, large closet, steam heat, electric light. 18 W. Kiowa, one block from Antlers hotel.

TO RENT—The building recently occupied by the High School on Tejon St. Frank White, Room 50, Bank Building.

TO RENT—Nicely furnished front room in private family, with board if desired, at 321 N. Tejon St.

TO RENT—1900 acres, 7 miles out; good fences, water and grass. Address "Dairyman," Gazette office.

TO RENT—Pianos, organs and sewing machines. Hext & Willis, 21 N. Tejon st.

TO RENT—Square and upright pianos and sewing machines. Aiken's Music Store.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—One carriage horse, buckboard and harness, one delivery horse, wagon and harness, one office leather cover bed lounge, belonging to the late Frank Dutton, at a bargain. 19 N. Tejon St.

FOR SALE—Or trade, work horses, American bred brood mares, milch cows and young cattle for sale or trade for raising stock. C. J. Reynolds 109 S. Tejon St.

FOR SALE—A thoroughly broken young driving horse, good roadster, also cart, heavy harness and lap robes, all in ... Will be sold cheap at the Elk Livery.

FOR SALE—A single & 1 iron bed and sheets, almost good as new, very cheap. 129 N. Weber.

FOR SALE—One of the most desirable business properties in Pueblo, central location, rents nine per cent. on the investment. Price $15,000, terms half cash. Tutt & Penrose, 11 Pike's Peak Ave.

FOR SALE—Three positive bargains, ... Willamette and Wahsatch Ave., 50x100 ft. ... Willamette, south frontage, ... on Willamette, south frontage, ... Wahsatch, $20 ... Apply J. P. Currie & Co., 21 W. Tejon St.

FOR SALE—Choice corner residence lot very cheap for a few days. 100x180 ft. Southwest corner Nevada and Willamette ave. Apply to A. L. Lawton Real Estate ...

FOR SALE—One hundred and thirty ... four rooms, barn, stable, etc., ... Chas. L. Tutt, 14 Pike's Peak ave.

FOUND.

FOUND—Lady's pocket book containing money and papers. Owner can have same by proving property. Apply to A. M. Ross, at the ... jewelry store.

LOST.

LOST—... Reward paid for its return to ...

RAILROAD NOTICES.

DENVER AND RIO GRANDE.

TWO HOURS.

You can go to Denver on the Rio Grande in two hours and two minutes. Office 10 N. Tejon st.

ST. LOUIS 29 HOURS
CHICAGO, 30 HOURS.

Via the D. & R. G. and Burlington. Leave Colorado Springs at 5.50 a. m. every day. Ticket office 10 N. Tejon st.

RIO GRANDE.

... Denver ... Colorado Springs ... Ticket office 10 N. Tejon st.

TO COLORADO CITY.

... Ticket office 10 N. Tejon st.

ALL RIO GRANDE TRAINS

Connect with all east bound trains at Denver. Rates from Colorado Springs same as from Denver. Ticket office 10 N. Tejon st.

RIO GRANDE.

Trains leave Denver ... 4.15 p. m. for Pueblo and ... 4.25 p. m. 6.50 p. m. for Manitou & Ute Pass. From Manitou ... 7.00 p. m. From Denver ... 4.00 p. m. Ticket office 10 N. Tejon st.

ATCHISON, TOPEKA AND SANTA FE.

PERSONALLY CONDUCTED EXCURSIONS TO CALIFORNIA.

Jack Frost is a railroad travel. When he touches the rail with the chilling warm climate in the sunshine and frostless, and yet with sufficient ice in the air.

Santa Fe Route takes Jack Frost's hints and has arranged a series of personally-conducted weekly excursions to California. Pullman Tourist Sleepers, furnished with bedding, toilet articles, etc., leave Chicago and St. Louis every Saturday morning and leave Kansas City every Sunday morning, via A. T. & S. F. and A. & P. line for Los Angeles and San Francisco on fast express trains.

Special agents and porters in attendance. Second-class tickets honored. A small charge for use of tourist sleeper. Everything neat, clean and comfortable.

Inquire of nearest ticket agent, or write to G. T. Nicholson, G. P. & T. A. Santa Fe Route, Topeka, Kan., for a copy of folder describing these excursions.

Passengers leaving Colorado Springs Monday morning at 7.30 will connect with these trains. Ticket office No. 18 N. Tejon st.

SANTA FE ROUTE TO DENVER.

If you are going to Denver, you may just as well avail yourself of the Santa Fe route limited vestibule train, leaving at 8.05 a. m., or the parlor chair car train at 3.20 p. m., and thus enjoy the best there is and make the trip with the most comfort and ease. Returning you may have choice of trains at 1.35 p. m., 6.00 p. m. and 8.10 p. m.

CHEAP RATES FOR A WINTER TRIP VIA SANTA FE ROUTE.

To Texas, New Mexico, Arizona, California, Utah and Old Mexico, are offered by the Santa Fe. Tickets now on sale good until June 1st, with sufficient transit limit in each direction to enable passengers to stop off at all points en route. List of destinations includes Corpus Christi, El Paso, Galveston, Houston, Lampasas, Rockport, San Antonio, City of Mexico, Monterey, Phoenix, Prescott, Saltillo, San Luis, Potosi, Las Vegas Hot Springs, Grand Canon of the Colorado, Los Angeles, San Diego, San Francisco, Salt Lake and Portland.

New Mexico is noted as having one of the most equable climates in the world, southern being almost wholly unknown. It is a most desirable place for the invalid, while it is the haven for the immigrant. No portion of the United States can compare with the fertile valleys of its rivers, and in the products of the fields, the market gardens, the orchard and the vineyard.

For full particulars regarding the ... rates, stopovers, etc., etc., call on or address nearest Santa Fe agent, or Cyrus T. Kirkpatrick, G. P. & T. A. Topeka, Kans. W. J. Black, A. G. P. & T. A. Ticket office No. 18 N. Tejon st.

COLORADO MIDLAND.

CRIPPLE CREEK A GREAT SUCCESS.

The success of Cripple Creek as a great gold mining district is now assured beyond question. The dead work has been done on a large number of claims, and many mines are on paying ore. Travel into the camp continues unabated, an average of fifty people going in daily. The Colorado Midland has 200 men now at work completing the extension into the camp, and as soon as the branch line is in operation, a new impetus will be given to the camp. The route into Cripple Creek is via the Midland Railway to Divide station, and thence by Hurtling's stage line into Fremont, the center of the district. This is the only quick and feasible route to reach Cripple Creek.

ROCK ISLAND.

HAPPY NEW YEAR!

The ... of the Great Rock Island Route extend to all best wishes for the New Year. It is free to extend thanks for the liberal patronage enjoyed by us during the past year, and with a continuance of the ...

We shall ... as in the past to merit this by giving you the best train service and polite attention ... all times.

In this connection we wish to state that we have ... on a ... Colorado Springs and Chicago. ... that the train is ... of the ... are all ... equipped throughout ... every meal en route is served in our own ... dining cars. Very truly
W. W. WOOD, Ticket Agent, 18 Pike's Peak Ave.

COLORADO SPRINGS-DENVER FAST LINE.

Is by the popular Rock Island Route. Leave Colorado Springs 9.20 a. m., 4.25 p. m.; arriving Denver 11.30 a. m., 6.45 p. m. Leave Denver 8.00 a. m. and 3.40 p. m., arriving Colorado Springs 11.00 a. m. and 6.45 p. m. These trains are made up at Colorado Springs, and are always on time, and always ...

A SURE THING.

The best ... and quickest trains that run between Colorado Springs and Denver are those run by the Rock Island.

100 MINUTES.

This is the time ... every day ... between Colorado Springs and Denver by the popular Rock Island Route.

ROCK ISLAND

Is the best line to Omaha, Council Bluffs, Des Moines, Rock Island, Davenport, Peoria, Kansas City and Chicago. Tickets at all above points, with all information, of W. W. WOOD, Ticket Agent, 18 Pike's Peak Ave., Telephone 97.

FINE PLAYING CARDS.

Send ten cents in stamps to John Sebastian, General Ticket and Pass. Agt. C. R. I. & P. Ry., Chicago, for a pack of the "Rock Island" Playing Cards. They are acknowledged the best, and worth five times the cost. Send money order or postal note for 50c., and will send five packs by return mail, prepaid.

Above for sale at City ticket office, 18 Pike's Peak Ave.

WINTER TOURIST RATES.

The Great Route has inaugurated winter tourist rates to all points south and southeast. These are for first-class tickets and are very low. For full information call at City Ticket office, 18 Pike's Peak Ave. Telephone 97.

MISSOURI PACIFIC.

IN PULLMAN'S FINEST.

A trip over the Missouri Pacific Railway from Denver or Pueblo to Kansas City, St. Louis or points east, can be made in a Pullman buffet sleeping car and free reclining chair cars. For further information, address C. A. TRIPP, G. W. P. & P. A., Denver, Colo.

BUILD UP YOUR FAILING HEALTH

By a visit to the famous Hot Springs of Arkansas, the "Cradle of America." This world renowned resort is reached from Kansas City and Coffeyville over the Missouri Pacific Railway in the ... Write C. A. TRIPP, G. W. P. & P. Agent, Denver, for descriptive pamphlet.

AN IMPARTIAL JUDGE

... of ... Kansas City, Mo., ... Denver, Colo., for ...

WEAR YOUR EYEGLASSES THIS ONE AND READ IT.

health and pleasure resort, can be reached quickly by Pullman buffet sleeping cars from Kansas City and Coffeyville via the Missouri Pacific Railway. Sufferers from La Grippe, Influenza, Asthma or kindred diseases can obtain relief by a visit to the famous sanitarium.

BUILD UP YOUR FAILING HEALTH

By a visit to the famous Hot Springs of Arkansas, the "Cradle of America." This world renowned resort is reached from Kansas City and Coffeyville over the Missouri Pacific Railway in the ... Write C. A. TRIPP, G. W. P. & P. Agent, Denver, for descriptive pamphlet.

THE BURLINGTON

WILL SELL TO EASTERN POINTS ...

TO COLORADO CITY

... Ticket office 10 N. Tejon st.

ALL RIO GRANDE TRAINS

Connect with all east bound trains at Denver. Rates from Colorado Springs same as from Denver. Ticket office 10 N. Tejon st.

RIO GRANDE.

Trains leave Denver ... 4.15 p. m. for Pueblo and ... 4.25 p. m. 6.50 p. m. for Manitou & Ute Pass. From Manitou ... 7.00 p. m. From Denver ... 4.00 p. m. Ticket office 10 N. Tejon st.

THE QUICKEST TIME PAST

Between Denver and St. Louis ... Chicago and St. Louis ... and Chicago at 9 ... the next day. The evening train leaves ... St. Louis at 7.10 ... the second morning. This train is composed of vestibuled ... cars and dining service ... For full information ... railroad ticket agent, or address W. Vallery, general agent, 1700 Larimer st., Denver.

THE BURLINGTON'S NEW FLYER

Denver to St. Louis in 27 Hours.

To ... of the travelling public the Burlington inaugurated on a fast train between Denver and St. Louis. This train leaves Denver daily at 9 a. m. and reaches St. Louis at 1.2 the next afternoon, making the run in 27 hours and 20 minutes. It is composed of vestibuled Pullman sleepers, chair cars and dining service all meals en route. By taking this train passengers are only one night on the road, and reach St. Louis many hours in advance of other lines. For tickets, sleeping berths and information call on any railroad ticket agent or address G. W. VALLERY, 1700 Larimer st., Denver, Colo.

THE POPULAR EAST-BOUND NIGHT TRAIN

Is the Burlington flier leaving Denver daily at 8.30 p. m., arriving in Chicago at 8.25 a. m. and St. Louis at 7.10 a. m. the second morning making close connection with all fast trains for Eastern points. For full information call on any railroad ticket agent or address G. W. VALLERY, General Agent, 1700 Larimer st., Denver, Colo.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DENVER & RIO GRANDE R. R.

Colorado Springs, Oct. 16, 1892.

NORTH BOUND.

No. 4 Atlantic Express ... 2.05 am
No. 2—Trans-Continental Limited ... 5.50 am
No. 6 Colorado and New Mexico Through Express ... 4.35 pm
No. 10—St. Louis and Kansas City Express ... 10.47 am
No. 8—Salida and Denver Express ... 4.15 pm

SOUTH BOUND.

No. 1—California Fast Mail ... 10.00 am
No. 11—Denver, Salida and St. Louis Ex. ... 4.20 pm
No. 7—Denver and Pueblo Express ... 6.50 pm
No. 9—Trans-Continental Ltd. ... 9.45 pm
No. 5 Colorado and New Mexico Through Express ... 10.10 am

MANITOU BRANCH.

To Manitou. | From Manitou.
No. 23 ... 8.00 am | No. 24 ... 8.30 am
No. 25 ... 1.25 pm | No. 26 ... 10 am
No. 27 ... 4.00 pm | No. 28 ... 4.40 pm
No. 29 ... 7.00 pm | No. 30 ... 6.40 pm

Through cars for sale to all points east and west. Apply at No. 10 North Tejon st.

J. B. SHELDON, Agent, 10 N. Tejon st.

COLORADO MIDLAND RAILWAY.

Arrivals. Trains leave Colorado Springs. Departures.

Arrivals	Trains	Departures
No. 1 Cripple Creek to Colorado Springs	8.00 am	8.40 am
No. 3 Cripple Creek to Colorado Springs	3.35 pm	3.45 pm
No. 5 Fremont Divide	1.00 pm	
No. 1 Denver to Colorado Springs	10.45 am	10 am
No. 3 Denver to Colorado Springs	10.00 pm	10.10 pm

C. C. HOYT.

ATCHISON, TOPEKA & SANTA FE R. R.

Nov. 13, 1892.

No. 1 Chicago to Colorado Springs	3.00 pm	3.10 pm
No. 3 Chicago to Colorado Springs	8.35 pm	8.45 pm
No. 5 Chicago to Colorado Springs	3.25 pm	3.40 pm
No. 7 Kansas City to Colorado Springs	7.00 am	7.10 am
No. 9 Kansas City to Colorado Springs	3.25 pm	3.40 pm
No. 11 Denver to Colorado Springs	9.40 am	9.50 am
No. 13 Denver to Colorado Springs	4.00 pm	4.10 pm
No. 15 Denver to Colorado Springs	10.00 pm	10.10 pm

C. C. HOYT.

GREAT NORTHERN ROUTE

No. 14 ... Colorado Springs to Cripple Creek ... 1.00 pm
No. 16 ... Colorado Springs to Cripple Creek ... 1.00 pm
No. 13 ... Colorado Springs to Denver ... 8.00 am
No. 23 ... Colorado Springs to Denver ... 3.00 pm
No. 15 ... Colorado Springs to Denver ... 7.00 pm
No. 25 ... Colorado Springs to Denver ... 10.00 pm
No. 12 ... Colorado Springs to Cripple Creek ... 7.00 am
No. 22 ... Colorado Springs to Cripple Creek ... 3.00 pm
No. 17 ... Colorado Springs to Cripple Creek ... 11.00 am
No. 27 ... Colorado Springs to Cripple Creek ... 6.00 pm

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THE COLORADO SPRINGS RAPID TRANSIT RAILWAY CO.

TIME CARD.

COLORADO SPRINGS, COLO., Nov. 22, 1892.

On and after this date, cars will leave Huntington Hotel, for Manitou and Ute Pass, every half hour from 8.30 a. m. till 8.00 p. m., and every hour from 8.30 p. m. till 10.30 p. m. Return cars will leave Manitou every half hour from 9 a. m. till 8.30 p. m., and every hour from 9.30 p. m. till 11.30 p. m. Cars will run without change between Manitou and Ute Pass. Fare 10 cents. Special cars will be furnished for parties by applying at office, Cor. Cascade and Colorado Avenues.

C. C. HOYT.

DENVER, SOUTH PARK & PACIFIC.

Nov. 13, 1892.

No. 1 Denver to Como	8.00 am	12.00 m
No. 3 Denver to Como	3.00 pm	6.00 pm
No. 5 Denver to Como	10.00 pm	10.00 pm

W. W. WOOD.

THE COLORADO SPRINGS RAPID TRANSIT RAILWAY CO.

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C. C. HOYT.

SCRIBNER'S MAGAZINE FOR 1893.

PARTIAL PROSPECTUS.

Frances Hodgson Burnett

Will contribute the first serial to appear in a magazine for many years, entitled THE ONE I KNEW BEST OF ALL.

H. C. Bunner

Will furnish a series of six sketches entitled JERSEY STREET AND JERSEY LANE. Illustrated.

Robert Grant

Will give the further experiences of Fred and Josephine in A SEQUEL TO THE REFLECTIONS OF A MARRIED MAN. Illustrated.

Harold Frederic

Will write a political novel of great power entitled THE COPPERHEAD.

By the Author of "Jerry."

Miss S. B. Elliott, the author of "Jerry," will write a realistic story of life among the Tennessee mountaineers, THE DUKEST SPEECH.

Personal Reminiscences.

SOME UNPUBLISHED LETTERS OF CARLYLE TO EDWARD IRVING and others, dealing with a part of Carlyle's life far different from that brought out in the recent literature of Carlyle reminiscences. RECOLLECTIONS OF LINCOLN AND SUMNER. By the late Marquis De Chambrun. Both articles are full of new matter. AN ARTIST IN JAPAN. By Robert Blum, who has just returned from a residence of nearly two years in that country. Abundantly illustrated by the author. HISTORIC MOMENTS, which have been a feature of the magazine during 1892, will be continued by some particularly striking papers, among them several by the great war correspondents, William H. Russell, Archibald Forbes and others.

Men's Occupations.

A series of articles on the life work of men in many callings, the chief ways exclusive of professions in which men earn their livelihood.

The World's Fair in Chicago.

A series will be published later in the year giving the impressions made by the exhibition upon different observers of note, both American and foreign; and many of these observers will be also artists who will illustrate their own articles.

Miscellaneous Articles.

Further contributions to the POOR IN GREAT CITIES, Mrs. Burnett's illustrated paper on the London plan for HOME AID TO INVALID CHILDREN, etc. Of racial interest also will be Professor Heilprin's authoritative account of the PEARY RELIEF EXPEDITION illustrated; a very interesting article by Octave Uzanne on the exhibition of WOMAN'S ART now open in Paris, and articles upon artistic subjects, accounts of travels, etc.

The Illustrations

Of the year will represent the work not only of the well known illustrators, but many drawings will also appear by artists who are ... as painters.

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